

## Tetraploid Mixture

A tetraploid mixture, specially designed for those looking for increased utilisation for intensive grazing systems on dry ground.

Tetraploid varieties are considered to be more suitable to overseeding due to their heavier seed and ability to establish rapidly, making them suitable when overseeding into swards damaged by poaching. There is also growing interest in full tetraploid swards for their higher palatability and utilisation.

Fig 16.

### Tetraploid Mixture:

Kg	Variety	Type	Heading Date
3.5	Ballintoy	Perennial Ryegrass (T)	04 June
4.0	AberGain	Perennial Ryegrass (T)	04 June
4.0	AberClyde	Perennial Ryegrass (T)	25 May
11.5			

T = Tetraploid



### Key benefits in summary

- Contains 100% tetraploids for increased sward utilisation
- If completing a full reseed sow 16 kg/acre
- Suited to overseeding – to repair damaged swards

### Tips to successfully overseed grass

- Sow at a rate of 8 kg/acre when overseeding
- Ensure good soil-to-seed contact – not suitable in swards with a “butt”
- For badly poached ground - a full reseed may be more cost effective
- Ideally overseed in the spring or after cutting silage
- Watch the weather – requires rain very soon after sowing, poor germination and establishment will occur if weather comes dry after sowing
- Ideally scratch the surface with tines to create soil contact for the seed and also help pull dead grasses from the sward
- Use appropriate sowing method to spread or stitch in to ensure even distribution of the seed
- Apply lime, P and K to correct deficiencies
- Roll after sowing assuming ground conditions allow
- Ensure frequent grazing at low covers after sowing to control the old sward

\*From 1st January 2020 farms in derogation are required to sow a minimum of 0.6 kg uncoated clover or 1.0 kg coated clover per acre when reseeding. This mixture does not contain clover, if necessary please request clover or speak to one of our sales team for advice.